

The Duffing Oscillator: Metamorphoses of 1:2 Resonance and Its Interaction with the Primary Resonance

J. Kyzioł and A. Okniński*

Politechnika Świętokrzyska, Al. 1000-lecia PP 7, 25-314 Kielce, Poland

Received: November 7, 2024; Revised: August 30, 2025

Abstract: We investigate the 1:2 resonance in the periodically forced asymmetric Duffing oscillator, it is created via the period-doubling of the primary 1:1 resonance or forming independently and coexisting with the primary resonance. We compute the steady-state asymptotic solution – the amplitude-frequency response function. Working in the framework of differential properties of implicit functions, we discover and describe complicated metamorphoses of the 1:2 resonance and its interaction with the primary resonance.

 $\textbf{Keywords:} \ \ \textit{Duffing equation; resonances; singularities; metamorphoses.}$

1 Introduction and Motivation

A period-doubling cascade of bifurcations is a typical route to chaos in nonlinear dynamical systems. A generic example is the asymmetric Duffing oscillator governed by the non-dimensional equation

$$\ddot{y} + 2\zeta \dot{y} + \gamma y^3 = F_0 + F\cos\left(\Omega t\right),\tag{1}$$

which has a single equilibrium and a one-well potential [1], where ζ , γ , F_0 , F are parameters and Ω is the angular frequency of the periodic force.

Szemplińska-Stupnicka elucidated the period-doubling scenario in the dynamical system (1) in a series of far-reaching papers [2–4]; see also [1] for a review and further results.

^{*} Corresponding author: mailto:fizao@tu.kielce.pl