



The Finite Element Method for Nonlinear Nonstandard Volterra Integral Equations

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Received: November 19, 2019; Revised: March 15, 2020

Abstract: In this work, we look at the implementation of the finite element method to a nonlinear (nonstandard) Volterra integral equation. We consider the Galerkin approach, where we choose the weight function in such a way that it takes the form of the approximate solution. We work on a uniform mesh and choose the Lagrange polynomials as basis functions. We consider the error analysis of the method. We look at a specific example to illustrate the implementation of the finite element method. Finally, we consider the estimated rate of convergence.

Keywords: *Volterra integral equations; finite element method; Galerkin approach.*

Mathematics Subject Classification (2010): 45D05, 65R20, 65N30.

1 Introduction

In this paper, we consider the nonlinear Volterra integral equation of the second kind

$$u(x) = \sum_{m=1}^r b_m \left(g_m(x) + \int_0^x k_m(x, y) u(y) dy \right)^m, \quad x \in [0, L], \quad (1)$$

where $r \in \mathbb{N}, r \geq 2$, $b \in \mathbb{R}$, $g : [0, L] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $k : [0, L] \times [0, L] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ are continuous functions. The unknown function $u(x) \in C[0, L]$.

In essence, (1) is nonstandard in that in its simplest form, it has the structure

$$u = \sum_{m=1}^r b_m (g_m + W_m u)^m, \quad x \in [0, L],$$

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