Nonlinear Dynamics and Systems Theory, 15 (2) (2015) 163-170



## A New Synchronization Scheme for General 3DQuadratic Chaotic Systems in Discrete-Time

Adel Ouannas\*

Department of Mathematics and Computer Science, Constantine University, Algeria; LAMIS Laboratory, Tebessa University, Algeria.

Received: February 12, 2014; Revised: April 2, 2015

**Abstract:** In this paper, a new general chaos synchronization scheme is proposed for coupled arbitrary 3-D quadratic chaotic dynamical systems in discrete-time. The proposed synchronization method, based on nonlinear controllers and Lyapunov stability theory, is theoretically rigorous. The derived synchronization criterion can be also applicable to a large class of discrete-time chaotic systems. Our control scheme is used to illustrate complete synchronization between the three-dimensional hyperchaotic discrete-time Rössler and Wang systems. Moreover numerical simulations are used to show the effectiveness and the feasibility of the proposed synchronization scheme.

**Keywords:** quadratic systems; chaos synchronization; control scheme; discrete-time; Lyapunov stability.

Mathematics Subject Classification (2010): 93C10, 93C55, 93D05.

## 1 Introduction

Over the last two decade, many scholars have proposed various control schemes in chaos synchronization [1–6], but the most of works have concentrated on continuous-time rather than discrete-time chaotic systems. In practice, discrete-time chaotic systems play a more important role than their continuous counterparts [7]. In fact, many mathematical models of physical processes [8], biological phenomena [10], chemical reactions [9] and economic systems [11] were defined using discrete-time chaotic systems. Many 3D chaotic and hyperchaotic dynamical systems in discrete-time are founded such as Baier-Klain map [12], Hitzl-Zele map [13], Stefanski map [14], Wang system [15], discrete-time Rössler system [16] and Grassi-Miller map [18], etc.

<sup>\*</sup> Corresponding author: mailto:ouannas\_adel@yahoo.fr

<sup>© 2015</sup> InforMath Publishing Group/1562-8353 (print)/1813-7385 (online)/http://e-ndst.kiev.ua163